POWER OF STORY

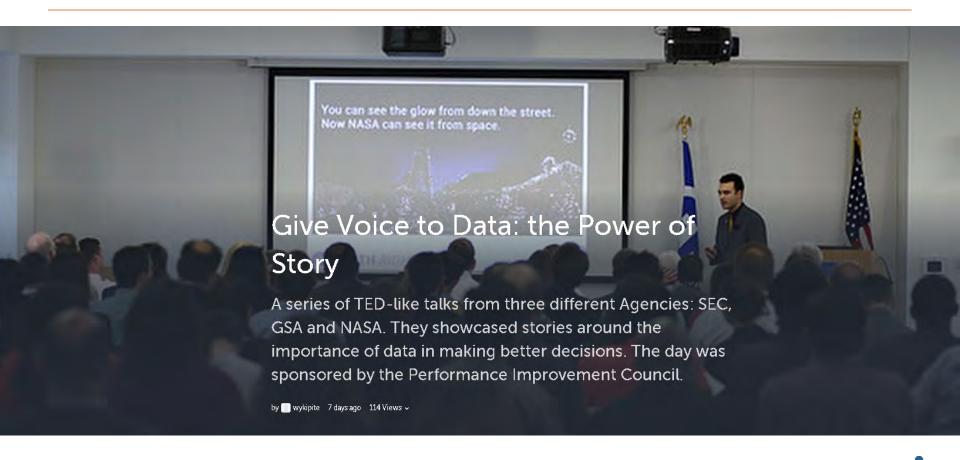
Compelling Data + Story + Telling

Every **presenter** has the potential to be great; every **presentation** is high stakes; and every **audience** deserves the absolute best.





Engage Thru Story





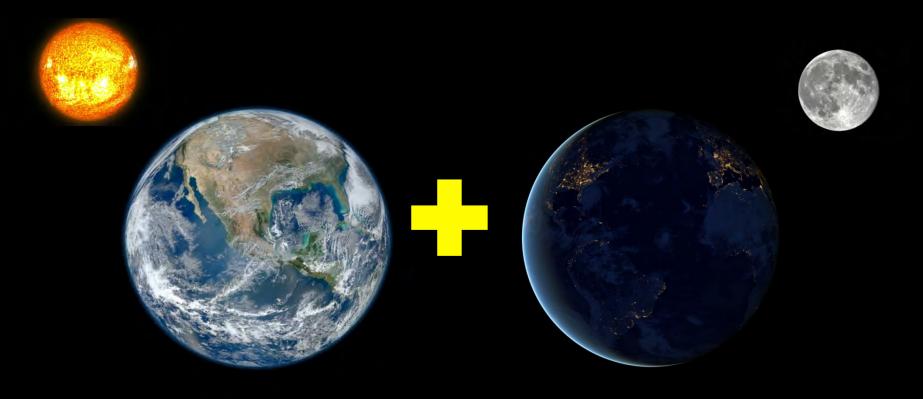
Earth System Science Land Ocean Atmosphere Ice Our Changing Planet The View From Space **Changing Planet**



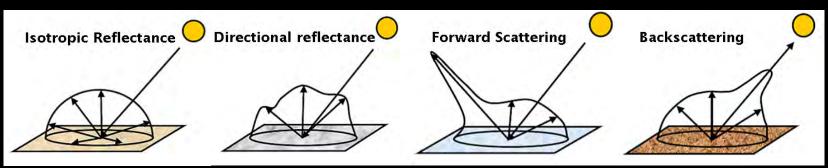


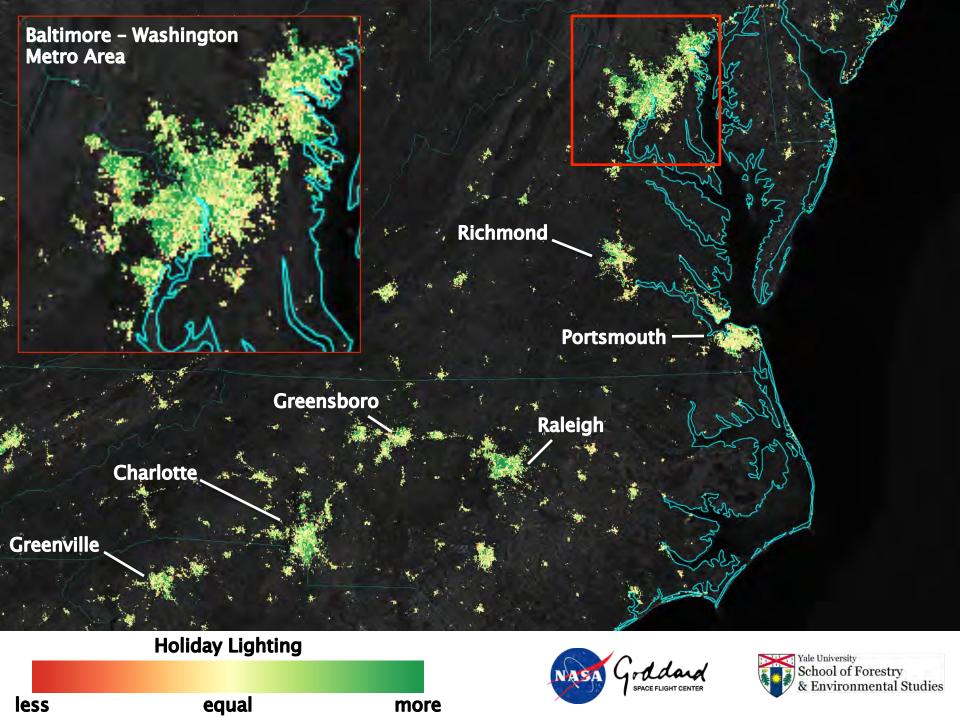


The Solution: Combine daytime and nighttime measurements...



...with well-established physical principles.





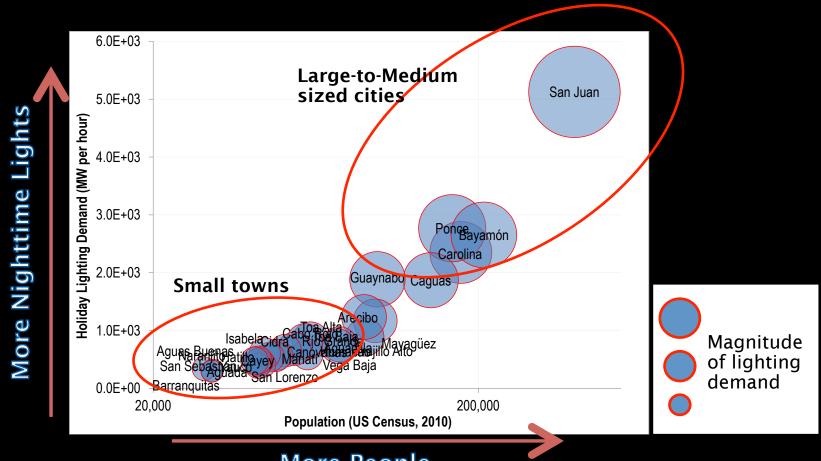






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Holiday Season in Puerto Rico



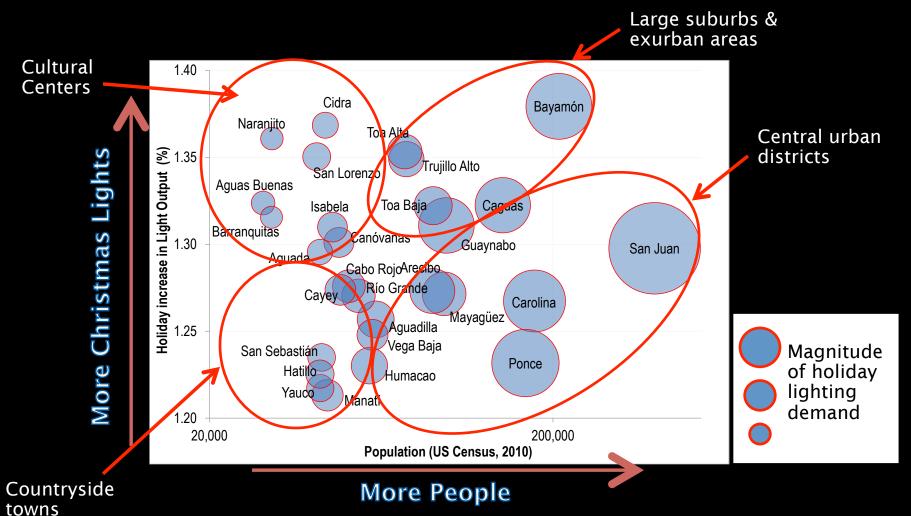
More People





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Holiday Season in Puerto Rico













The Holy Month of Ramadan

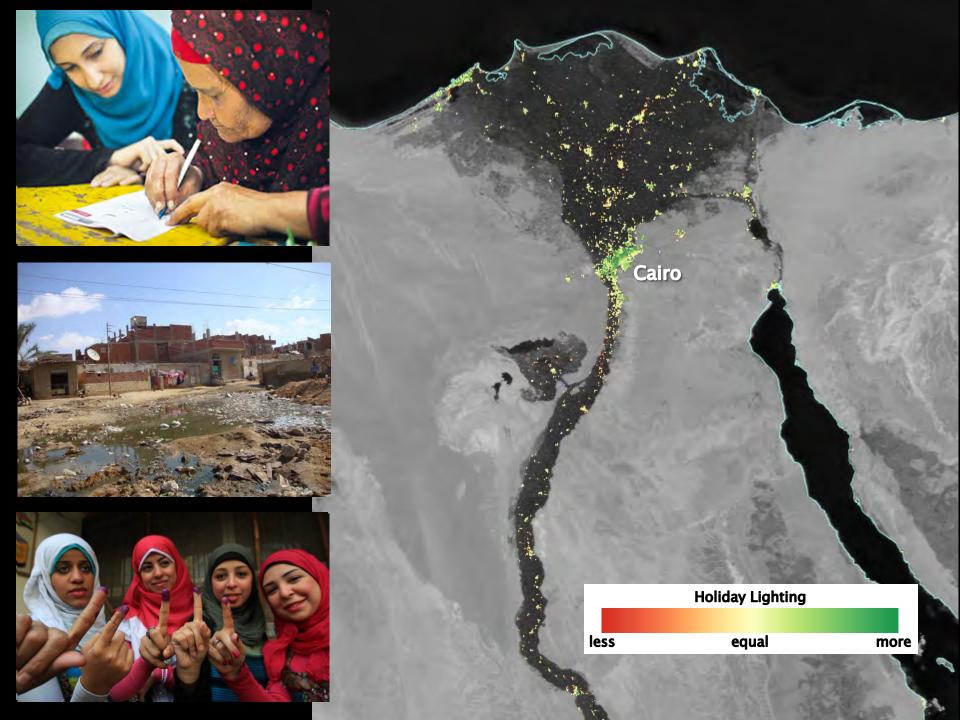
Jeddah, Saudi Arabia



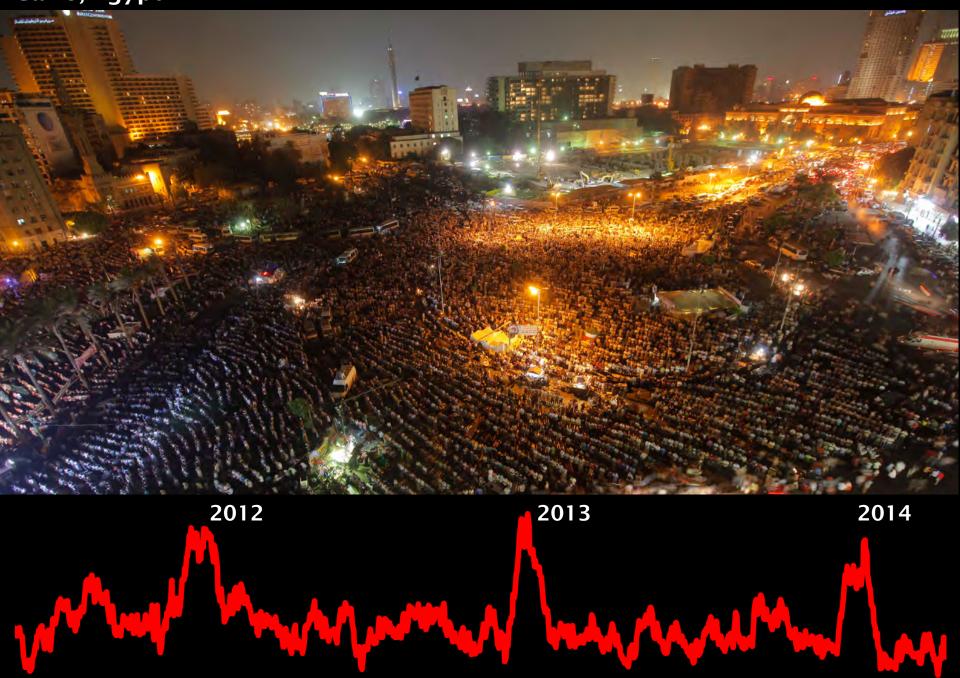
Tel Aviv, Israel



2012 2013 2014

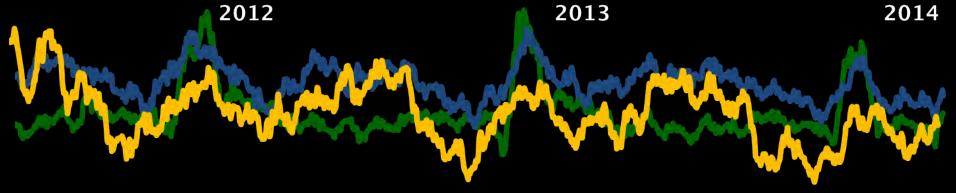


Cairo, Egypt



Cairo District, Sharqiya District, and Assiut District







Aleppo, Syria



2013















Sustainable energy for all.

Individual Neighborhood shop local florescent Other China 23% Canada **USA 19% ENERGY EU-27** Japan **EFFICIENT** reusable water bottles (excluding Estonia, SHADES India Russian Latvia and Federation Lithuania) 13%

Global

Thanks to NASA's SIF Fund. For more info:

 Román and Stokes (2015). Holidays in lights: Tracking cultural patterns in demand for energy services. AGU Earth's Future Journal [Accepted].

+ Innovative research that made ours possible:

- Miller and Turner (2009), A Dynamic Lunar Spectral Irradiance Data Set for VIIRS DNB Nighttime Environmental Applications, IEEE-TGRS.
- Zhang et al., (2013), The Vegetation Adjusted NTL Urban Index: A new approach to reduce saturation and increase variation in nighttime luminosity, RSE.
- Johnson, et al., (2013), Preliminary investigations toward nighttime aerosol optical depth retrievals from the VIIRS DNB, AMTD.
- Walther, et al., (2013), The Expected Performance of Cloud Optical and Microphysical Properties derived from Suomi NPP VIIRS DNB Lunar Reflectance, JGR-Atmospheres.
- Cao and Bai (2014), Quantitative Analysis of VIIRS DNB Nightlight Point Source for Light Power Estimation and Stability Monitoring, Remote Sensing.

AGU'15 Session Proposal: Emerging Issues in Nighttime Environmental Remote Sensing and Earth System Science Applications

Session ID#: 7530: A new generation of satellite instruments, pioneered by the Visible Infrared Imaging Radiometer Suite (VIIRS) Day/Night Band (DNB), now offer global measurements of nocturnal visible and near-infrared light that are suitable for Earth science and climate studies. These novel low-light measurements have opened doors to a wealth of new and expanded interdisciplinary research topics, including urban sustainability, improved weather forecasting, and enhanced climate data records. We are requesting abstracts in the following topic areas:

- Fundamental questions and challenges surrounding quantitative nighttime remote sensing;
- Novel capabilities, applications, and algorithms involving VIIRS DNB measurements of interest to the research and operational communities;
- Stability, accuracy, and calibration of nighttime observations;
- Extension of physical models of radiative transfer to characterize the nighttime environment;
- Quantitative assessments of diurnal variation in atmospheric, land, cryospheric, and ocean properties;
- Observation requirements for characterization of the nighttime environment on future sensors/platforms;
- Temporal studies of night light for change detection.

Primary Convener: Miguel O. Román, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD, United States. Conveners: Edward J. Hyer, Naval Research Laboratory, Marine Meteorology Division, Monterey, CA, United States, Steven D Miller, Cooperative Institute for Research in the Atmosphere, Fort Collins, CO, United States and Changyong Cao, NOAA College Park, College Park, MD, United States.